(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)				Page 1 of 33
1/19/2016	ICC	05.44 DM	markun for discussion nurnosas	

1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Human Services to which was referred Senate Bill No.
3	243 entitled "An act relating to combating opioid abuse in Vermont"
4	respectfully reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the
5	House propose to the Senate that the bill be amended by striking out all after
6	the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
7	* * * Vermont Prescription Monitoring System * * *
8	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 4284 is amended to read:
9	§ 4284. PROTECTION AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
10	* * *
11	(g) Following consultation with the Unified Pain Management System
12	Controlled Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council and an
13	opportunity for input from stakeholders, the Department shall develop a policy
14	that will enable it to use information from VPMS to determine if individual
15	prescribers and dispensers are using VPMS appropriately.
16	(h) Following consultation with the Unified Pain Management System
17	Controlled Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council and an
18	opportunity for input from stakeholders, the Department shall develop a policy
19	that will enable it to evaluate the prescription of regulated drugs by prescribers
20	* * *

1	Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4289 is amended to read:
2	§ 4289. STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR HEALTH CARE
3	PROVIDERS AND DISPENSERS
4	(a) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers shall
5	develop evidence-based standards to guide health care providers in the
6	appropriate prescription of Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances for
7	treatment of acute pain, chronic pain, and for other medical conditions to be
8	determined by the licensing authority. The standards developed by the
9	licensing authorities shall be consistent with rules adopted by the Department
10	of Health. The licensing authorities shall submit their standards to the
11	Commissioner of Health, who shall review for consistency across health care
12	providers and notify the applicable licensing authority of any inconsistencies
13	identified.
14	(b)(1) Each health care provider who prescribes any Schedule II, III, or IV
15	controlled substances shall register with the VPMS by November 15, 2013.
16	(2) If the VPMS shows that a patient has filled a prescription for a
17	controlled substance written by a health care provider who is not a registered
18	user of VPMS, the Commissioner of Health shall notify the applicable
19	licensing authority and the provider by mail of the provider's registration

requirement pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

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	(Draft No. 1.1 – 5.243) Page 3 of 3. 4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	(3) The Commissioner of Health shall develop additional procedures to
2	ensure that all health care providers who prescribe controlled substances are
3	registered in compliance with subdivision (1) of this subsection.
4	(c) Each dispenser who dispenses any Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
5	substances shall register with the VPMS and shall query the VPMS in
6	accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner of Health. (moved to
7	(d))
8	(d) Health Except in the event of electronic or technological failure, health
9	care providers shall query the VPMS with respect to an individual patient in
10	the following circumstances:
11	(1) at least annually for patients who are receiving ongoing treatment
12	with an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance;
13	(2) when starting a patient on a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
14	substance for nonpalliative long-term pain therapy of 90 days or more;
15	(3) the first time the provider prescribes an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV
16	controlled substance written to treat chronic pain (delete?); and
17	(4) prior to writing a replacement prescription for a Schedule II, III, or
18	IV controlled substance pursuant to section 4290 of this title.

(d)(1) Each dispenser who dispenses any Schedule II, III, or IV

controlled substances shall register with the VPMS.

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)

19

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Page 3 of 33

(Draft No. $1.1 - S.243$)		Page 4 of 33
4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM -	markup for discussion purposes	

1	(2) Except in the event of electronic or technological failure,
2	dispensers shall query the VPMS in accordance with rules adopted by the
3	Commissioner of Health.
4	(3) Pharmacies and other dispensers shall report each dispensed
5	prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance to the
6	VPMS within 24 hours or one business day after dispensing.
7	(e) The Commissioner of Health shall, after consultation with the Unified
8	Pain Management System Controlled Substances and Pain Management
9	Advisory Council, adopt rules necessary to effect the purposes of this section.
10	The Commissioner and the Council shall consider additional circumstances
11	under which health care providers should be required to query the VPMS,
12	including whether health care providers should be required to query the VPMS
13	prior to writing a prescription for any opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
14	substance or when a patient requests renewal of a prescription for an opioid
15	Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance written to treat acute pain, and the
16	Commissioner may adopt rules accordingly.
17	(f)(1) Each professional licensing authority for dispensers shall adopt
18	standards, consistent with rules adopted by the Department of Health
19	under this section, regarding the frequency and circumstances under
20	which its respective licensees shall:
21	(1) query the VPMS; and

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)		Page 5 of 33
4/18/2016 - IGC - 05·44 PM -	markup for discussion nurnoses	

1	(2) report to the VPMS, which shall be no less than once every seven
2	days. (moved to (d))
3	(g) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers and
4	dispensers shall consider the statutory requirements, rules, and standards
5	adopted pursuant to this section in disciplinary proceedings when determining
6	whether a licensee has complied with the applicable standard of care.
7	* * * Rulemaking * * * (moved from Sec. 16)
8	Sec. 16. PRESCRIBING OPIOIDS FOR ACUTE AND CHRONIC PAIN;
9	RULEMAKING
10	(a) The Commissioner of Health, after consultation with the Controlled
11	Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council, shall adopt rules
12	governing the prescription of opioids. The rules may shall (?) include numeric
13	and temporal limitations on the number of pills prescribed, including a
14	maximum number of pills to be prescribed following minor medical
15	procedures, consistent with evidence-informed best practices for effective pain
16	management. The rules may require the contemporaneous prescription of
17	naloxone in certain circumstances, and shall require informed consent for
18	patients that explains the risks associated with taking opioids, including
19	addiction, physical dependence, side effects, tolerance, overdose, and death.
20	The rules shall also require prescribers prescribing opioids to patients to

1	provide information concerning the safe storage and disposal of controlled
2	substances.
3	(b) The Commissioner of Health, after consultation with the Board of
4	Pharmacy, retail pharmacists, and the Controlled Substances and Pain
5	Management Advisory Council, shall adopt rules regarding the
6	circumstances in which dispensers shall query the Vermont Prescription
7	Monitoring System, which shall include:
8	(1) prior to dispensing a prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV
9	controlled substance to a patient who is new to the pharmacy;
10	(2) when an individual for a prescription for a Schedule II, III, or
11	IV controlled substance without application of his or her public or private
12	health coverage;
13	(3) when a patient requests a refill of a prescription for a Schedule
14	II, III, or IV controlled substance substantially in advance of when a refill
15	would ordinarily be due; or
16	(4) when the dispenser is aware that the patient is being prescribed
17	Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances by more than one prescriber.
18	* * * Expanding Access to Substance Abuse Treatment
19	with Buprenorphine * * *
20	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. chapter 93 is amended to read:
21	CHAPTER 93. TREATMENT OF OPIOID ADDICTION

4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)

Page 6 of 33

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)		Page 7 of 33
4/18/2016 - IGC - 05:44 PM -	markun for discussion nurnoses	

1	Subchapter 1. Regional Opioid Addiction Treatment System
2	<u>§ 4751. PURPOSE</u>
3	It is the purpose of this chapter <u>subchapter</u> to authorize the department
4	of health Departments of Health and of Vermont Health Access to
5	establish a regional system of opioid addiction treatment.
6	§ 4752. OPIOID ADDICTION TREATMENT SYSTEM
7	(a) The department of health Departments of Health and of Vermont
8	<u>Health Access</u> shall establish by rule a regional system of opioid addiction
9	treatment.
10	<u>* * *</u>
11	(c) No later than January 15 of each year from 2013 through 2016,
12	inclusive, the commissioner shall report to the house committees on
13	human services and on health care and the senate committee on health
14	and welfare regarding the regional system of opioid addiction treatment,
15	including the system's effectiveness. [Repealed.]
16	<u>* * *</u>
17	Subchapter 2. Opioid Addiction Treatment Care Coordination
18	<u>§ 4771. CARE COORDINATION</u>
19	(a) In addition to participation in the regional system of opioid
20	addiction treatment established pursuant to subchapter 1 of this chapter,
21	health care providers may coordinate patient care in order to provide to

1	the maximum number of patients high quality opioid addiction treatment
2	with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine.
3	(b) Care for patients with opioid addiction may be provided by a care
4	coordination team comprising the patient's primary care provider, a
5	qualified addiction medicine physician or nurse practitioner as described
6	in subsection (c) of this section, and members of a medication-assisted
7	treatment team affiliated with the Blueprint for Health.
8	(e)(1) A primary care provider participating in the care coordination
9	team and prescribing buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine
10	pursuant to this section shall meet federal requirements for prescribing
11	buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine to treat opioid
12	addiction and shall see the patient he or she is treating for opioid
13	addiction for an office visit at least once every three months.
14	(2)(A) A qualified addiction medicine physician participating in a
15	care coordination team pursuant to this section shall be a physician who is
16	board-certified in addiction medicine or satisfies one or more of the
17	following conditions:
18	(i) has completed not fewer than 24 hours of classroom or
19	interactive training in the treatment and management of opioid-dependent
20	patients for substance use disorders provided by the American Society of
21	Addiction Medicine, the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry, the

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 9 of 33
$4/18/2016$ - JGC - $05{:}44$ PM - ${markup}$ for discussion purposes	

1	American Medical Association, the American Osteopathic Association, the
2	American Psychiatric Association, or any other organization that the
3	Commissioner of Health deems appropriate; or
4	(ii) has such other training and experience as the
5	Commissioner of Health determines will demonstrate the ability of the
6	physician to treat and manage opioid dependent patients.
7	(B) The qualified physician shall see the patient for
8	addiction-related treatment other than the prescription of buprenorphine
9	or a drug containing buprenorphine and shall advise the patient's
10	primary care physician.
11	(3)(A) A qualified addiction medicine nurse practitioner
12	participating in a care coordination team pursuant to this section shall be
13	an advanced practice registered nurse who is certified as a nurse
14	practitioner and who satisfies one or more of the following conditions:
15	(i) has completed not fewer than 24 hours of classroom or
16	interactive training in the treatment and management of opioid-dependent
17	patients for substance use disorders provided by the American Society of
18	Addiction Medicine, the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry, the
19	American Medical Association, the American Osteopathic Association, the
20	American Psychiatric Association, or any other organization that the
21	Commissioner of Health deems appropriate; or

1	(ii) has such other training and experience as the
2	Commissioner of Health determines will demonstrate the ability of the
3	nurse practitioner to treat and manage opioid dependent patients.
4	(B) The qualified nurse practitioner shall see the patient for
5	addiction-related treatment other than the prescription of buprenorphine
6	or a drug containing buprenorphine and shall advise the patient's
7	primary care physician.
8	(d) The primary care provider, qualified addiction medicine physician
9	or nurse practitioner, and medication-assisted treatment team members
10	shall coordinate the patient's care and shall communicate with one
11	another as often as needed to ensure that the patient receives the highest
12	quality of care.
13	(e) The Director of the Blueprint for Health shall recommend to the
14	Commissioner of Vermont Health Access whether to increase payments to
15	primary care providers participating in the Blueprint who choose to
16	engage in care coordination by prescribing buprenorphine or a drug
17	containing buprenorphine for patients with opioid addiction pursuant to
18	this section. [Deleted.]

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 11 of 3	3
4/18/2016 - IGC - 05:44 PM - <mark>mark</mark> i	in for discussion nurnoses	

1	Sec. 4. TELEMEDICINE FOR TREATMENT OF SUBSTANCE USE
2	DISORDER ; PILOT
3	(a) The Green Mountain Care Board and Department of Vermont
4	Health Access shall develop a pilot program to enable a patient taking
5	buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine for a substance use
6	disorder to receive treatment from an addiction medicine specialist
7	delivered through telemedicine at a health care facility that is capable of
8	providing a secure telemedicine connection and whose location is
9	convenient to the patient. The Board and the Department shall ensure
10	that both the specialist and the hosting facility are reimbursed for services
11	rendered.
11 12	rendered. (b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with
12	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with
12 13	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine shall not receive
12 13 14	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine shall not receive treatment through telemedicine. A patient may receive treatment through
12 13 14 15	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine shall not receive treatment through telemedicine. A patient may receive treatment through telemedicine only after a period of stabilization on the buprenorphine or
12 13 14 15 16	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine shall not receive treatment through telemedicine. A patient may receive treatment through telemedicine only after a period of stabilization on the buprenorphine or drug containing buprenorphine, as measured by an addiction medicine
12 13 14 15 16 17	(b)(1) Patients beginning treatment for a substance use disorder with buprenorphine or a drug containing buprenorphine shall not receive treatment through telemedicine. A patient may receive treatment through telemedicine only after a period of stabilization on the buprenorphine or drug containing buprenorphine, as measured by an addiction medicine specialist using an assessment tool approved by the Department of Health.

	4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	through telemedicine immediately upon the transfer of care to an office-
2	based opioid treatment provider.
3	(c) On or before January 15, 2017 and annually thereafter, the Board
4	and the Department shall provide a progress report on the pilot program
5	to the House Committees on Health Care and on Human Services and the
6	Senate Committee on Health and Welfare.
7	In order to facilitate the use of telemedicine in treating substance use
8	disorder, health insurers providing coverage for telemedicine pursuant to
9	8 V.S.A. § 4100k and the Department of Vermont Health Access shall
10	ensure that both the treating clinician and the hosting facility are
11	reimbursed for the services rendered.
12	* * * Expanding Role of Pharmacies and Pharmacists * * *
13	Sec. 5. 26 V.S.A. § 2022 is amended to read:
14	§ 2022. DEFINITIONS
15	As used in this chapter:
16	* * *
17	(14)(A) "Practice of pharmacy" means:
18	(i) the interpretation and evaluation of prescription orders;
19	(ii) the compounding, dispensing, and labeling of drugs and
20	legend devices (except labeling by a manufacturer, packer, or distributor of

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)

Page 12 of 33

	(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243) Page 13 of 33
	4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	nonprescription drugs and commercially packaged legend drugs and legend
2	devices);
3	(iii) the participation in drug selection and drug utilization
4	reviews;
5	(iv) the proper and safe storage of drugs and legend devices and
6	the maintenance of proper records therefor;
7	(v) the responsibility for advising, where necessary or where
8	regulated, of therapeutic values, content, hazards, and use of drugs and legend
9	devices; and
10	(vi) the providing of patient care services within the pharmacist's
11	authorized scope of practice;
12	(vii) the optimizing of drug therapy through the practice of clinical
13	pharmacy; and
14	(viii) the offering or performing of those acts, services, operations,
15	or transactions necessary in the conduct, operation, management, and control
16	of pharmacy.
17	(B) "Practice of clinical pharmacy" means:
18	(i) the health science discipline in which, in conjunction with the
19	patient's other practitioners, a pharmacist provides patient care to optimize

medication therapy and to promote disease prevention and the patient's health

20

21

and wellness;

1	(ii) the provision of patient care services within the pharmacist's
2	authorized scope of practice, including medication therapy management,
3	comprehensive medication review, and postdiagnostic disease state
4	management services; or
5	(iii) the practice of pharmacy by a pharmacist pursuant to a
6	collaborative practice agreement.
7	(C) A rule shall not be adopted by the Board under this chapter that
8	shall require the sale and distribution of nonprescription drugs by a licensed
9	pharmacist or under the supervision of a licensed pharmacist or otherwise
10	interfere with the sale and distribution of such medicines.
11	* * *
12	(19) "Collaborative practice agreement" means a written agreement
13	between a pharmacist and a health care facility or prescribing practitioner that
14	permits the pharmacist to engage in the practice of clinical pharmacy for the
15	benefit of the facility's or practitioner's patients.
16	Sec. 6. 26 V.S.A. § 2023 is added to read:
17	§ 2023. CLINICAL PHARMACY
18	In accordance with rules adopted by the Board, a pharmacist may engage in
19	the practice of clinical pharmacy.

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 4089j is amended to read:

20

1	§ 4089j. RETAIL PHARMACIES; FILLING OF PRESCRIPTIONS
2	(a) A health insurer and pharmacy benefit manager doing business in
3	Vermont shall permit a retail pharmacist licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 36
4	to fill prescriptions in the same manner and at the same level of reimbursement
5	as they are filled by mail order pharmacies with respect to the quantity of drug-
6	or days' supply of drugs dispensed under each prescription.
7	(b) As used in this section:
8	(1) "Health insurer" is defined by shall have the same meaning as in
9	18 V.S.A. § 9402 and shall also include Medicaid and any other public health
10	care assistance program.
11	(2) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means an entity that performs
12	pharmacy benefit management. "Pharmacy benefit management" means an
13	arrangement for the procurement of prescription drugs at negotiated dispensing
14	rates, the administration or management of prescription drug benefits provided
15	by a health insurance plan for the benefit of beneficiaries, or any of the
16	following services provided with regard to the administration of pharmacy
17	benefits:
18	(A) mail service pharmacy;
19	(B) claims processing, retail network management, and payment of
20	claims to pharmacies for prescription drugs dispensed to beneficiaries;
21	(C) clinical formulary development and management services;

1	(D) rebate contracting and administration;
2	(E) certain patient compliance, therapeutic intervention, and generic
3	substitution programs; and
4	(F) disease management programs.
5	(3) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, or corporation,
6	other than a facility or institution, that is licensed, certified, or otherwise
7	authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this State to an
8	individual during that individual's medical care, treatment, or confinement.
9	(b) A health insurer and pharmacy benefit manager doing business in
10	Vermont shall permit a retail pharmacist licensed under 26 V.S.A. chapter 36
11	to fill prescriptions in the same manner and at the same level of reimbursement
12	as they are filled by mail order pharmacies with respect to the quantity of drugs
13	or days' supply of drugs dispensed under each prescription.
14	(c) This section shall apply to Medicaid and any other public health care
15	assistance program. Notwithstanding any provision of a health insurance plan
16	to the contrary, if a health insurance plan provides for payment or
17	reimbursement that is within the lawful scope of practice of a pharmacist, the
18	insurer may provide payment or reimbursement for the service when the
19	service is provided by a pharmacist.
20	Sec. 8. ROLE OF PHARMACIES IN PREVENTING OPIOID ABUSE;
21	REPORT

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 17 of 33
1/18/2016 - IGC - 05:44 PM - <mark>markun for discussion nurnose</mark>	_

1	(a) The Department of Health, in consultation with the Board of Pharmacy,
2	pharmacists, prescribing health care practitioners, health insurers, pharmacy
3	benefit managers, and other interested stakeholders shall consider the role of
4	pharmacies in preventing opioid misuse, abuse, and diversion. The
5	Department's evaluation shall include a consideration of whether, under what
6	circumstances, and in what amount pharmacists should be reimbursed for
7	counting or otherwise evaluating the quantity of pills, films, patches, and
8	solutions of opioid controlled substances prescribed by a health care provider
9	to his or her patients.
10	(b) On or before January 15, 2017, the Department shall report to the
11	House Committees on Health Care and on Human Services and the Senate
12	Committee on Health and Welfare its findings and recommendations with
13	respect to the appropriate role of pharmacies in preventing opioid misuse,
14	abuse, and diversion.
15	* * * Continuing Medical Education * * *
16	Sec. 9. CONTINUING EDUCATION; PROFESSIONAL LICENSING
17	-BOARDS
18	(a) On or before December 15, 2016, the professional boards that
19	license All physicians, osteopathic physicians, dentists, pharmacists, advanced
20	practice registered nurses, optometrists, and naturopathic physicians shall
21	amend their continuing education rules to require a total of at least two

1	hours of continuing education for each licensing period for all licensees
2	with a registration number from the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration
3	(DEA), who have a pending application for a DEA number, or who dispense
4	controlled substances shall complete a total of at least two hours of
5	continuing education for each licensing period beginning on or after July
6	1, 2016 on the topics of the abuse and diversion, safe use, and appropriate
7	storage and disposal of controlled substances; the appropriate use of the
8	Vermont Prescription Monitoring System; risk assessment for abuse or
9	addiction; pharmacological and nonpharmacological alternatives to opioids for
10	managing pain; medication tapering; and relevant State and federal laws and
11	regulations concerning the prescription of opioid controlled substances.
12	(b) The Department of Health shall consult with the Board of Veterinary
13	Medicine and the Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets to develop
14	recommendations regarding appropriate safe prescribing and disposal of
15	controlled substances prescribed by veterinarians for animals and dispensed to
16	their owners, as well as appropriate continuing education for veterinarians on
17	the topics described in subsection (a) of this section. On or before January 15,
18	2017, the Department shall report its findings and recommendations to the
19	House Committees on Agriculture and Forest Products and on Human Services
20	and the Senate Committees on Agriculture and on Health and Welfare.

* * * Medical Education Core Competencies * * *

21

1	Sec. 10. MEDICAL EDUCATION CORE COMPETENCIES;
2	PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF PRESCRIPTION
3	DRUG MISUSE
4	The Commissioner of Health shall convene medical educators and other
5	stakeholders to develop appropriate curricular interventions and innovations to
6	ensure that students in medical education programs have access to certain core
7	competencies related to safe prescribing practices and to screening, prevention,
8	and intervention for cases of prescription drug misuse and abuse. The goal of
9	the core competencies shall be to support future health care professionals over
10	the course of their medical education to develop skills and a foundational
11	knowledge in the prevention of prescription drug misuse. These competencies
12	should be clear baseline standards for preventing prescription drug misuse,
13	treating patients at risk for substance use disorders, and managing substance
14	use disorders as a chronic disease, as well as developing knowledge in the
15	areas of screening, evaluation, treatment planning, and supportive recovery.
16	* * * Community Grant Program for Opioid Prevention * * *
17	Sec. 11. REGIONAL PREVENTION PARTNERSHIPS
18	To the extent funds are available, the Department of Health shall establish a
19	community grant program for the purpose of supporting local opioid
20	prevention strategies. This program shall support evidence-based approaches
21	and shall be based on a comprehensive community plan, including community

1	education and initiatives designed to increase awareness or implement local
2	programs, or both. Partnerships involving schools, local government, and
3	hospitals shall receive priority.
4	* * * Pharmaceutical Manufacturer Fee * * *
5	Sec. 12. 33 V.S.A. § 2004 is amended to read:
6	§ 2004. MANUFACTURER FEE
7	(a) Annually, each pharmaceutical manufacturer or labeler of prescription
8	drugs that are paid for by the Department of Vermont Health Access for
9	individuals participating in Medicaid, Dr. Dynasaur, or VPharm shall pay a fee
10	to the Agency of Human Services. The fee shall be 0.5 ± 1.5 percent of the
11	previous calendar year's prescription drug spending by the Department and
12	shall be assessed based on manufacturer labeler codes as used in the Medicaid
13	rebate program.
14	(b) Fees collected under this section shall fund collection and analysis of
15	information on pharmaceutical marketing activities under 18 V.S.A. §§ 4632
16	and 4633; analysis of prescription drug data needed by the Office of the
17	Attorney General for enforcement activities; the Vermont Prescription
18	Monitoring System established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 84A; the evidence-based
19	education program established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 91, subchapter 2;
20	statewide unused prescription drug disposal initiatives; prevention of
21	prescription drug misuse, abuse, and diversion; treatment of substance use

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)		Page 21 of 33
1/18/2016 - IGC - 05:44 PM -	markun for discussion nurnoses	

1	disorder; exploration of nonpharmacological approaches to pain management;
2	a hospital antimicrobial program for the purpose of reducing
3	hospital-acquired infections (delete?); the purchase and distribution of
4	naloxone to emergency medical services personnel; and any opioid-antagonist
5	education, training, and distribution program operated by the Department of
6	Health or its agents. The fees shall be collected in the Evidence-Based
7	Education and Advertising Fund established in section 2004a of this title.
8	(c) The Secretary of Human Services or designee shall make rules for the
9	implementation of this section.
10	(d) A pharmaceutical manufacturer that fails to pay a fee as required under
11	this section shall be assessed penalties and interest in the same amounts and
12	under the same terms as apply to late payment of income taxes pursuant to
13	32 V.S.A. chapter 151. The Department shall maintain on its website a list of
14	the manufacturers who have failed to provide timely payment as required
15	under this section.
16	Sec. 13. 33 V.S.A. § 2004a(a) is amended to read:
17	(a) The Evidence-Based Education and Advertising Fund is established in
18	the State Treasury as a special fund to be a source of financing for activities
19	relating to fund collection and analysis of information on pharmaceutical
20	marketing activities under 18 V.S.A. §§ 4632 and 4633; for analysis of
21	prescription drug data needed by the Office of the Attorney General for

1	enforcement activities; for the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System
2	established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 84A; for the evidence-based education
3	program established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 91, subchapter 2; for statewide
4	unused prescription drug disposal initiatives; for the prevention of prescription
5	drug misuse, abuse, and diversion; for treatment of substance use disorder; for
6	exploration of nonpharmacological approaches to pain management; for a
7	hospital antimicrobial program for the purpose of reducing
8	hospital-acquired infections (delete?); for the purchase and distribution of
9	naloxone to emergency medical services personnel; and for the support of any
10	opioid-antagonist education, training, and distribution program operated by the
11	Department of Health or its agents. Monies deposited into the Fund shall be
12	used for the purposes described in this section.
13	* * * Controlled Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council * * *
14	Sec. 14. 18 V.S.A. § 4255 is added to read:
15	§ 4255. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND PAIN MANAGEMENT
16	ADVISORY COUNCIL
17	(a) There is hereby created a Controlled Substances and Pain Management
18	Advisory Council for the purpose of advising the Commissioner of Health on
19	matters related to the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System and to the
20	appropriate use of controlled substances in treating acute and chronic pain and
21	in preventing prescription drug abuse, misuse, and diversion.

	4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	(b)(1) The Controlled Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council
2	shall consist of the following members:
3	(A) the Commissioner of Health or designee, who shall serve as
4	chair;
5	(B) the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse
6	Programs or designee;
7	(C) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
8	(D) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
9	(E) the Vermont Attorney General or designee;
10	(F) the Director of the Blueprint for Health or designee;
11	(G) the Medical Director of the Department of Vermont Health
12	Access;
13	(H) the Chair of the Board of Medical Practice or designee, who shall
14	be a clinician;
15	(I) a representative of the Vermont State Dental Society, who shall be
16	a dentist;
17	(J) a representative of the Vermont Board of Pharmacy, who shall be
18	a pharmacist;

(K) a faculty member of the academic detailing program at the

University of Vermont's College of Medicine;

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)

19

20

Page 23 of 33

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 24 of 33
4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - <mark>markup for discussion purposes</mark>	1

1	(L) a faculty member of the University of Vermont's College of
2	Medicine with expertise in the treatment of addiction or chronic pain
3	management (??);
4	(M) a representative of the Vermont Medical Society, who shall be a
5	primary care clinician;
6	(N) a representative of the American Academy of Family Physicians,
7	Vermont chapter, who shall be a primary care clinician;
8	(O) a representative from the Vermont Board of Osteopathic
9	Physicians, who shall be an osteopath;
10	(P) a representative of the Federally Qualified Health Centers, who
11	shall be a primary care clinician selected by the Bi-State Primary Care
12	Association;
13	(Q) a representative of the Vermont Ethics Network;
14	(R) a representative of the Hospice and Palliative Care Council of
15	<u>Vermont;</u>
16	(S) a representative of the Office of the Health Care Advocate;
17	(T) a clinician who works in the emergency department of a hospital,
18	to be selected by the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems in
19	consultation with any nonmember hospitals;

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 25 of 33
4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - <mark>markup for discussion purposes</mark>	

1	(U) a member of the Vermont Board of Nursing Subcommittee on
2	APRN Practice, who shall be an advanced practice registered nurse (add
3	suggested language from nurse anesthetists?);
4	(V) a representative from the Vermont Assembly of Home Health
5	and Hospice Agencies;
6	(W) a psychologist licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 55 who
7	has experience in treating chronic pain, to be selected by the Board of
8	Psychological Examiners;
9	(X) a drug and alcohol abuse counselor licensed pursuant to
10	33 V.S.A. chapter 8, to be selected by the Deputy Commissioner of Health for
11	Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs;
12	(Y) a retail pharmacist, to be selected by the Vermont Pharmacists
13	Association;
14	(Z) an advanced practice registered nurse full-time faculty member
15	from the University of Vermont's College of Nursing and Health Sciences
16	(add suggested language from nurse anesthetists?);
17	(AA) a licensed acupuncturist with experience in pain management,
18	to be selected by the Vermont Acupuncture Association;
19	(BB) a representative of the Vermont Substance Abuse Treatment
20	Providers Association;

1	(CC) a consumer representative who is either a consumer in recovery
2	from prescription drug abuse or a consumer receiving medical treatment for
3	chronic noncancer-related pain; and
4	(DD) up to three adjunct members appointed by the Commissioner in
5	consultation with the Opioid Prescribing Task Force.
6	(2) In addition to the members appointed pursuant to subdivision (1) of
7	this subsection (b), the Council shall consult with specialists and other
8	individuals as appropriate to the topic under consideration.
9	(c) Advisory Council members who are not employed by the State or
10	whose participation is not supported through their employment or association
11	shall be entitled to a per diem and expenses as provided by 32 V.S.A. § 1010.
12	(d)(1) The Advisory Council shall provide advice to the Commissioner
13	concerning rules for the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating
14	acute pain and chronic noncancer pain; the appropriate use of the Vermont
15	Prescription Monitoring System; and the prevention of prescription drug abuse.
16	misuse, and diversion.
17	(2) The Advisory Council shall evaluate the use of nonpharmacological
18	approaches to treatment for pain, including the appropriateness, efficacy, and
19	cost-effectiveness of using complementary and alternative therapies such as
20	chiropractic, acupuncture, and massage.

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 27	of 33
4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - <mark>markun for discussion nurnoses</mark>		

1	(e) The Commissioner of Health may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A.
2	chapter 25 regarding the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating
3	acute pain and chronic noncancer pain; the appropriate use of the Vermont
4	Prescription Monitoring System; and the prevention of prescription drug abuse
5	misuse, and diversion, after seeking the advice of the Council.
6	* * * Acupuncture * * *
7	Sec. 15. ACUPUNCTURE AS ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT FOR PAIN
8	MANAGEMENT AND SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER; REPORTS
9	(a) (delete?) The Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of
10	Administration, in consultation with the Departments of Health and of Human
11	Resources, shall review Vermont State employees' experience with
12	acupuncture for treatment of pain. On or before December 1, 2016, the
13	Director shall report his or her findings to the House Committees on Health
14	Care and on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and
15	Welfare.
16	(b) Each nonprofit hospital and medical service corporation licensed to do
17	business in this State pursuant to both 8 V.S.A. chapters 123 and 125 and
18	providing coverage for pain management shall evaluate the evidence
19	supporting the use of acupuncture as a modality for nonpharmacological
20	approaches to treating and managing pain in its enrollees, including the
21	experience of other states in which acupuncture is nonpharmacological

	(Draft No. $1.1 - S.243$) Page 28 of 33 $4/18/2016$ - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	approaches are covered by health insurance plans. On or before January 15,
2	2017, each such corporation shall report to the House Committees on Health
3	Care and on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare
4	its assessment of whether its insurance plans should provide coverage for
5	acupuncture when used to treat or manage nonpharmacological
6	approaches to treating or managing pain.
7	(c) On or before January 15, 2017, the Department of Health, Division of
8	Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs shall make available to its preferred
9	provider network evidence-based informed best practices related to the use of
10	acupuncture nonpharmacological approaches to treat substance use
11	disorder.
12	Sec. 15a. ACUPUNCTURE; MEDICAID PILOT PROJECT
13	(a) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall develop a pilot project
14	to offer acupuncture services to Medicaid-eligible Vermonters with a diagnosis
15	of chronic pain. The project would provide acupuncture services for a defined
16	period of time to determine if acupuncture treatment as an alternative or
17	adjunctive to prescribing opioids is as effective or more effective than opioids
18	alone for returning individuals to social, occupational, and psychological
19	function. The project shall include:

(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243)	Page 29 of 33
4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes	1

1	(1) an advisory group of pain management specialists and acupuncture
2	providers familiar with the current science on evidence-based use of
3	acupuncture to treat or manage chronic pain;
4	(2) specific patient eligibility requirements regarding the specific cause
5	or site of chronic pain for which the evidence indicates acupuncture may be an
6	appropriate treatment; and
7	(3) input and involvement from the Department of Health to promote
8	consistency with other State policy initiatives designed to reduce the reliance
9	on opioid medications in treating or managing chronic pain.
10	(b) On or before January 15, 2017, the Department of Vermont Health
11	Access, in consultation with the Department of Health, shall provide a
12	progress report on the pilot project to the House Committees on Health Care
13	and on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare that
14	includes an implementation plan for the pilot project described in this section.
15	In addition, the Departments shall consider any appropriate role for
16	acupuncture in treating substance use disorder, including consulting with
17	health care providers using acupuncture in this manner, and shall make
18	recommendations in its the progress report regarding the use of acupuncture in
19	treating Medicaid beneficiaries with substance use disorder.
20	*** Rulemaking * * *
21	Sec. 16. PRESCRIBING OPIOIDS FOR ACUTE AND CHRONIC PAIN;

Praft No. 1.1 – S.243)			Page 30 of 33
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1	-RULEMAKING
2	(a) The Commissioner of Health, after consultation with the Controlled
3	Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council, shall adopt rules
4	governing the prescription of opioids. The rules may include numeric and
5	temporal limitations on the number of pills prescribed, including a
6	maximum number of pills to be prescribed following minor medical
7	procedures, consistent with evidence-informed best practices for effective
8	pain management. The rules may require the contemporaneous
9	prescription of naloxone in certain circumstances, and shall require
10	informed consent for patients that explains the risks associated with
11	taking opioids, including addiction, physical dependence, side effects,
12	tolerance, overdose, and death. The rules shall also require prescribers
13	prescribing opioids to patients to provide information concerning the safe
14	storage and disposal of controlled substances. (moved to Sec. 3)
15	* * * Appropriations* * *
16	Sec. 17. APPROPRIATIONS
17	(a) The sum of \$250,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based
18	Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year
19	2017 for the purpose of funding the evidence-based education program
20	established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 91, subchapter 2, including evidence-based

	(Draft No. 1.1 – S.243) Page 31 of 33 4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes
	WIGHT TO THE CONTINUE AND THE CONTINUE A
1	information about safe prescribing of controlled substances and alternatives to
2	opioids for treating pain.
3	(b) The sum of \$625,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based
4	Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year
5	2017 for the purpose of funding statewide unused prescription drug disposal
6	initiatives, of which \$100,000.00 shall be used for a MedSafe secure
7	prescription drug collection and disposal program and program coordinator,
8	\$50,000.00 shall be used for unused medication envelopes for a mail-back
9	program, \$225,000.00 shall be used for a public information campaign on the
10	safe disposal of controlled substances, and \$250,000.00 shall be used for a
11	public information campaign on the responsible use of prescription drugs.
12	(c) The sum of \$150,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based
13	Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year
14	2017 for the purpose of purchasing and distributing opioid antagonist
15	rescue kits.
16	(d) The sum of \$250,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based
17	Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year
18	2017 for the purpose of establishing a hospital antimicrobial program to reduce
19	hospital-acquired infections.
20	(e) The sum of \$32,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based

Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Health in fiscal year

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	(Draft No. $1.1 - S.243$) Page 32 of 33 $4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44$ PM - markup for discussion purposes
1	2017 for the purpose of purchasing and distributing naloxone to emergency
2	medical services personnel throughout the State.
3	(f) The sum of \$200,000.00 is appropriated from the Evidence-Based
4	Education and Advertising Fund to the Department of Vermont Health Access
5	in fiscal year 2017 for the purpose of exploring nonpharmacological
6	approaches to pain management by implementing the pilot project established
7	in Sec. 15a of this act to evaluate the use of acupuncture in treating chronic
8	pain in Medicaid beneficiaries.
9	Sec. 18. REPEAL
10	2013 Acts and Resolves No. 75, Sec. 14, as amended by 2014 Acts and
11	Resolves No. 199, Sec. 60 (Unified Pain Management System Advisory
12	Council) is repealed.
13	* * * Effective Dates * * *
14	Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATES
15	(a) Secs. 1–2 (VPMS), 3 (opioid addiction treatment care coordination),
16	13 (use of Evidence-Based Education and Advertising Fund), 14 (Controlled
17	Substances and Pain Management Advisory Council), 17 (appropriations), and
18	18 (repeal) shall take effect on July 1, 2016, except that in Sec. 2, 18 V.S.A.
19	§ 4289(f)(2) (dispenser reporting to VPMS) shall take effect 30 days following
20	notice and a determination by the Commissioner of Health that daily reporting
21	is practicable.

Page 32 of 33

4/18/2016 - JGC - 05:44 PM - markup for discussion purposes

(Draft No. 1.1 - S.243)

19

FOR THE COMMITTEE

Page 33 of 33